Table 79 (page 1 of 3). Vaccination coverage for selected diseases among children aged 19–35 months, by race, Hispanic origin, poverty level, and location of residence in metropolitan statistical area: United States, selected years 1995–2012

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, and more data years: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2013.htm#079.

[Data are based on telephone interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, supplemented by a survey of immunization providers for interview participants]

			Race and Hispanic origin ¹						Poverty level		Location of residence			
		Not Hispanic or Latino							Insid	le MSA ²				
Vaccii and	nation year	All	White	Black or African American	American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian ³	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander ³	more	Hispanic or Latino	Below poverty level	At or above poverty level	Central city	Remaining area	Outside MSA ²
						Pe	ercent of child	ren ag	ed 19–35	months				
2010 2011		57 69	45 57 69 69	40 55 64 65	* 64 66 *	39 59 71 72	* * *	41 61 71 72	46 56 70 68	41 53 64 63	46 59 72 72	45 57 70 67	45 57 68 69	42 55 67 68
DTP/DT/DTaP (4	4 doses or													
2000		82 86 85 85 85 84 84 85	80 84 87 87 85 85 86 85 85	74 76 84 81 82 80 79 84 81	71 75 * 83 86 82 82 82 73 88	84 85 89 86 88 92 87 88 92 88	* * * * * 93 * 93 *	86 84 84 88 82 83 87 86	75 79 84 85 84 85 83 84 84 81	71 76 82 81 81 80 80 81 81	81 84 87 87 86 87 86 86 87 85	77 80 85 84 85 85 84 84 86 82	79 83 87 86 85 85 84 85 84	78 83 85 85 83 82 84 84 82 81
2000	r more):	90 92 93 93 94 93 93 94	89 91 91 93 93 94 93 94 93	84 87 91 90 91 92 91 94 94 93	86 90 * 91 95 91 92 95 88 95	90 93 93 92 95 97 94 93 97 92	* * 96 87 * 97 95 97	94 92 92 94 93 90 94 93	87 88 92 93 93 94 93 94 94 93	85 87 90 92 92 92 92 92 94 92	89 90 92 93 93 94 93 94 94 93	87 88 91 93 92 94 94 93 94 93	88 90 93 93 93 94 92 94 93 93	89 91 92 93 94 93 92 93 94 93
2000	s, Rubella:	91 92 92 92 92 90 92 92	91 92 91 93 92 91 91 91 91	87 88 92 91 92 92 88 92 91	88 87 90 89 96 96 95 93 95 92	95 90 92 95 94 95 91 92 94 90	* 90 94 88 97 97 97 99 *	94 91 95 94 89 90 91	88 90 91 92 93 93 89 93 92	86 89 89 91 91 92 89 91 91	91 92 93 93 92 91 91 92 91	90 90 92 93 92 93 91 92 92 90	90 91 92 93 93 93 92 89 91 91	89 91 90 92 92 90 89 91 92 92
2010 2011	6	67 80	55 68 81 82	51 65 75 78	* 77 74 85	55 70 84 86	* * *	54 70 82 83	55 65 82 80	51 61 76 76	57 70 83 84	56 67 81 81	55 68 80 82	53 63 78 80

See footnotes at end of table.

Health, United States, 2013 Trend Tables

Table 79 (page 2 of 3). Vaccination coverage for selected diseases among children aged 19–35 months, by race, Hispanic origin, poverty level, and location of residence in metropolitan statistical area: United States, selected years 1995–2012

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, and more data years: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2013.htm#079.

[Data are based on telephone interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, supplemented by a survey of immunization providers for interview participants]

				Race ar	nd Hispa	nic origin¹			Pover	ty level	Loca	ntion of resid	dence
			I	Not Hispar	nic or La	tino					Insid	le MSA ²	
Vaccination and year	All	White	Black or African American	American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian ³	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander ³	more	Hispanic or Latino			Central city	Remaining area	Outside MSA ²
					Pe	ercent of child	ren ag	ed 19–35	months				
Hepatitis A (2 doses or more):													
2008. 2009. 2010. 2011. 2012.	50 52	46 46 50 53	41 49 51 52	33	51 51 57 58	 * * *	48 50 50 49	49 57 56 54	47 51 51 49	46 49 53 55	48 52 55 55	47 49 51 53	47 45 48 48
Hepatitis B (3 doses or more): 1995	90 93 93 93 94 92 92	68 91 93 94 93 93 92 91 90 89	66 89 93 92 91 92 92 92 92 90	52 91 90 95 97 92 93 97 93 94	80 91 93 92 94 98 93 92 96 93	* * 97 * 96 97 91 *	94 92 92 95 93 90 91	70 88 93 94 94 93 93 93 92 89	65 87 91 93 92 91 92 92 92 89	69 91 94 94 93 94 93 92 91	69 89 92 93 92 93 93 91 91	71 90 94 94 93 94 92 92 91 90	59 92 93 93 94 93 92 93 93 91
2005. 2006. 2007. 2008. 2009. 2010. 2011.	88 89 90 91 90 90	42 66 86 89 89 90 89 90	42 67 91 89 90 90 88 92 91	28 62 82 85 95 94 89 96 90 93	53 77 92 93 94 94 90 93 94 92	* * * 90 89 92 98 93 99 *	90 91 92 91 91 89 92 91	47 70 89 90 91 92 91 92 92	41 64 87 88 89 90 89 90	44 69 88 90 90 91 90 91 91	45 69 88 90 90 92 91 91 91	45 70 88 90 90 90 90 89 90 91	34 60 86 86 89 88 89 90 90
PCV (4 doses or more): 8 2005	68 75 80 80 83 84	57 71 77 81 83 84 85 84	46 61 70 76 73 80 81	* 63 80 71 76 85 75 *	56 65 75 82 73 79 85 81	* * * * * 93	54 71 74 85 73 83 84 84	51 67 75 79 81 84 85 82	45 62 73 74 75 79 81 77	57 71 76 83 83 86 87 85	52 69 75 81 80 83 85 80	58 71 77 81 82 84 85 84	48 62 71 75 82 83 82 81
Rotavirus vaccine: 9 2009	67	46 60 68 71	38 53 63 60	* * 58 *	42 63 67 70	* * *	38 58 68 69	44 61 68 70	38 52 61 63	47 63 71 73	45 59 69	47 62 67 71	36 52 63 63

See footnotes at end of table.

Trend Tables
Health, United States, 2013

Table 79 (page 3 of 3). Vaccination coverage for selected diseases among children aged 19–35 months, by race, Hispanic origin, poverty level, and location of residence in metropolitan statistical area: United States, selected years 1995–2012

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, and more data years: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2013.htm#079.

[Data are based on telephone interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, supplemented by a survey of immunization providers for interview participants]

		Not Hispar							
_	W	hite	Afr	ck or ican rican	Hispanic or Latino				
Vaccination and year	Below poverty level	At or above poverty level	Below poverty level	At or above poverty level	Below poverty level	At or above poverty level			
	Percent of children aged 19–35 months								
Combined series (4:3:1:3*:3:1:4): 4 2009	43 49 60 58	46 59 72 72	38 53 61 63	44 56 68 69	44 55 68 68	49 55 71 68			

^{- - -} Data not available.

NOTES: Final estimates from the National Immunization Survey include an adjustment for children with missing immunization provider data. Poverty level is based on family income and family size using U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. In 2012, 3.2% of the 16,687 children with provider-reported vaccination history data, 4.7% of Hispanic, 2.4% of non-Hispanic white, and 4.0% of non-Hispanic black children were missing information about poverty level and were omitted from the estimates of vaccination coverage by poverty level (unweighted percentages). See Appendix II, Poverty. See Appendix I, National Immunization Survey (NIS). Additional information on childhood immunizations is available from: http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/index.html. Data for additional years are available. See the Excel spreadsheet on the Health, United States website at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS and National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases, National Immunization Survey. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/imz-managers/coverage/imz-coverage.html and http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/imz-managers/coverage.html and http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/imz-managers/coverage.html and http://www.cdc.gov/vac

Health, United States, 2013 Trend Tables 3

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. For data prior to 2007, percents not shown if the unweighted sample size for the numerator was less than 30, or the confidence interval half-width divided by the estimate was greater than 50%, or the confidence interval half-width was greater than 10. Starting with 2007 data, percents not shown if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was less than 30, or the confidence interval half-width divided by the estimate was greater than 60%, or the confidence interval half-width was greater than 10.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Starting with 2002 data, estimates were tabulated using the 1997 *Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity.* Estimates for earlier years were tabulated using the 1977 Standards on Race and Ethnicity. See Appendix II, Hispanic origin;

²MSA is metropolitan statistical area. See Appendix II, Metropolitan statistical area (MSA).

³Prior to data year 2002, the category Asian included Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.

⁴The 4:3:1:3*.3:1:4 combined series consists of 4 or more doses of diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and pertussis vaccine (DTP), diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT), or diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP); 3 or more doses of any poliovirus vaccine; 1 or more doses of a measles-containing vaccine (MCV); 3 or more doses or 4 or more doses of *Haemophilus influenzae* type b vaccine (Hib) depending on Hib vaccine product type (primary series plus booster dose); 3 or more doses of hepatitis B vaccine; 1 or more doses of vaccine; and 4 or more doses of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV). The vaccine shortage that ended in September 2004 might have reduced coverage with the fourth dose of PCV among children in the 2007 National Immunization Survey (NIS) cohort. Also see footnote 6 for additional information on (Hib) vaccination.

⁵Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and pertussis vaccine (DTP), diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT), and diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP).

è Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine (Hib) full series includes primary series plus the booster dose. Before January 2009, NIS did not distinguish between Hib vaccine product types; therefore, children who received 3 doses of a vaccine product that requires 4 doses were misclassified as fully vaccinated. In addition, there was a Hib vaccine shortage during December 2007–September 2009. For more information, see Changes in measurement of Haemophilus influenzae serotype b (Hib) vaccination coverage–National Immunization Survey, United States, 2009. MMWR 59(33); 1069–72. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5933a3.htm?s_cid=mm5933a3_e%0d%0a.

⁷Recommended in 1996. Data collection for varicella began in July 1996.

⁸PCV is pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. Recommended in 2000. Data collection for PCV began in July 2001. Data for 4 doses of PCV are not available prior to 2005.

⁹Rotavirus vaccine includes 2 or more or 3 or more doses, depending on the product type received.